



Knowledge Organiser

Year 2/3 (Geography)

Overview of South America



'Sticky Knowledge'		A map of South America
Capital City	The most important city of a country, usually where the central government operates.	
Climate	The regular pattern of weather conditions of a particular place.	
Coast	Where the land meets the sea.	
Country	An area of land that has or used to have its own government and laws.	
Desert	An area that receives very little rain.	
Environmental region	Areas of land with similar environments / physical features	
Equator	An imaginary line around the middle of the Earth at an equal distance from the North and the South Pole	
Fertile	Land that is good for growing plants.	
Human features	A man-made feature of a place.	
Location	A place where something happens or exists; the position of something.	
Mountain range	A group of connected mountains	Human features in South America
Physical feature	A natural feature of a place	
Population	The people that live in a place.	Physical features in South America
Rain forest	A forest that receives a large amount of rain all year round	
Southern Hemisphere	The half of the Earth that is south of the Equator	
Tropical	Hot and humid.	
Volcano	A hole in the Earth where molten rock and gas erupts.	

The focus of this unit is: Locational and place knowledge, human and physical geography and enquiry.